Nigrosin Stain, 10% w/v

Intended Use

Nigrosin stain, 10% w/v is used as staining solution for negative staining.

Composition**

Ingredients

Nigrosin 10.000 gm
Formalin 0.500 ml
Distilled water 100.000 ml

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

Directions

1) To a loopful of cerebrospinal fluid, or to a light aqueous or saline suspension of growth from an agar culture, add a loopful of Nigrosin (S025).

2) Mix well and cover with a thin cover glass. If only a few organisms are present, centrifugation of the cerebrospinal fluid may be necessary.

3) Examine promptly with a high power lens. Light may have to be reduced by lowering the condenser. Oil immersion may be used, if higher magnification is required.

Principle And Interpretation

Negative staining is one of the many staining techniques that can be employed for viewing of bacterial cell morphology and size. The advantages of the negative stain include the use of only one stain and the absence of heat fixation of the sample. Negative staining employs the use of an acidic stain and, due to repulsion between the negative charges of the stain and the bacterial surface, the dye will not penetrate the cell. In negative staining, the results yield a clear cell with a dark background. Negative staining method also permits visualization of the usually transparent and unstainable capsule of many organisms, most importantly Cryptococcus neoformans. Nigrosin is used for negative Staining of bacteria (1, 2), as well as the capsule-containing fungus, Cryptococcus neoformans. Nigrosin consists of a suspension of fine particles of carbon. These form a dark background, against which capsules are clearly seen as a result of displacement of the carbon particles. The shapes and sizes of the organisms are seen as color-free outlines against the dark background. An advantage of using this method, rather than regular positive stains like methylene blue or carbol fuchsin, is that prior fixation by heat or alcohol is not needed, so the organisms are seen in more lifelike shapes. Furthermore, negative staining with nigrosin can reveal some microorganisms that cannot be stained by regular methods (3).

Type of specimen

Clinical samples; food & dairy samples; Water samples

Specimen Collection and Handling:

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (2, 3). For food and dairy samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection and processing as per guidelines. For water samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines and local standards. After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

Warning and Precautions:

In Vitro diagnostic Use only. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

Limitations

1. Negative staining does not differentiate bacteria, one can only determine morphology.
2. Certain areas might acquire more stain and therefore appear with higher contrast than would be normal.
**Performance and Evaluation**

Performance of the product is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

**Quality Control**

**Appearance**
Blackish violet coloured solution.

**Clarity**
Clear without any particles.

**Microscopic Examination**

Negative staining is carried out. Staining characteristics of organism is observed under microscope by using oil immersion lens.

**Results**
Clear halos surrounding the bacterial cells.

**Storage and Shelf Life**

Store between 10-30°C in tightly closed container and away from bright light. Use before expiry date on label. On opening, product should be properly stored in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition. Seal the container tightly after use.

**Disposal**

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (2, 3).

**Reference**


**Disclaimer**

User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use. Products conform solely to the information contained in this and other related HiMedia™ publications. The information contained in this publication is based on our research and development work and is to the best of our knowledge true and accurate. HiMedia™ Laboratories Pvt Ltd reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time. Products are not intended for human or animal or therapeutic use but for laboratory, diagnostic, research or further manufacturing use only, unless otherwise specified. Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.