Antibiotic HiVeg™ Assay Medium No. 2 (Base HiVeg™ Agar)  MV005

**Intended use**
Recommended as a basal medium for microbiological assay of antibiotics.

**Composition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Gms / Litre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HiVeg™ peptone</td>
<td>6.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HiVeg™ extract</td>
<td>1.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeast extract</td>
<td>3.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agar</td>
<td>15.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final pH (at 25°C)</td>
<td>6.6±0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Directions**
Suspend 25.5 grams in 1000 ml purified/distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C. Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates or dispense as desired.

**Advice:** Recommended for the microbiological assay of Bacitracin, Cephalexin, Cephaloglycin, Cephaloridine, Cephalothin, Cloxacillin, Cycloserine, Dicloxacillin, Methicillin, Nafcillin, Novobiocin, Oxacillin, Penicillin-G, Penicillin and Rifampicin.

**Principle And Interpretation**
This medium is commonly used as base agar for microbiological agar diffusion assays for wide variety of antibiotics. Agar diffusion assays can be performed by cylinders, punched-hole or paper disc tests. This medium is identical numerically with the name assigned by Grove and Randall (1) this medium is equivalent to Antibiotic Assay Medium No.B as per Indian Pharmacopoeia (3). Antibiotic HiVeg™ Assay Medium No. 2 is similar to that of Antibiotic Assay Medium No. 2 except that the animal peptones are completely replaced with vegetable peptones to avoid BSE/TSE risks associated with animal peptones. HiVeg™ peptone, yeast extract and HiVeg™ extract provide the nitrogenous and carbonaceous compounds, long chain amino acids, vitamins and mineral requirement for the growth of test organisms. This medium provides solidified substratum for growth of organisms and supports the over layering of soft agar.

To perform the antibiotic assay the Antibiotic HiVeg™ Assay Medium No.2 is used as Base Agar. This medium should be prepared on the same day as the test. For the cylinder method, a base layer of 21 ml is required. Once the base medium has solidified, Antibiotic HiVeg™ Assay Medium No.1 as seed agar, inoculated with the standardized culture can be overlaid. Even distribution of the layer is important.

**Type of specimen**
Pharmaceutical preparations.

**Specimen Collection and Handling**
For pharmaceutical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (3). After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

**Warning and Precautions:**
Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

**Limitations:**
1. Freshly prepared plates must be used or it may result in erroneous results.
Performance and Evaluation
Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

Quality Control

Appearance
Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Gelling
Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium
Amber coloured, clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

Reaction
Reaction of 2.55% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 6.6±0.2

pH
6.40-6.80

Cultural Response
Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-48 hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organism</th>
<th>Inoculum (CFU)</th>
<th>Growth</th>
<th>Recovery</th>
<th>Antibiotics assayed</th>
<th>Basal layer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bacillus subtilis subsp. spizizenii ATCC 6633 (0003*)</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>Spiramycin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Micrococcus luteus ATCC 10240</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>Bacitracin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 9144 (00035*)</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>Tylosin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 29737</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>Amikacin, Cephalothin, Cephapirin, Chlorotetracycline, Nafcillin, Oxytetracycline, Rolitetracycline</td>
<td>Tetracycline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staphylococcus epidermidis ATCC 12228 (00036*)</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>good-luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>Capreomycin, Streptomycin, Troleandomycin, Gramicidin, Thiostrepton, Tobramycin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Klebsiella pneumoniae ATCC 10031</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enterococcus hirae ATCC 10541 (00011*)</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>Chloramphenicol, Spectinomycin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Escherichia coli ATCC 10536</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Corresponding WDCM numbers

Storage and Shelf Life
Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and use freshly prepared medium. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry, ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.
Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal
User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (3,4).

Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.
Reference

2. Indian Pharmacopoeia 2018, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Govt. of India, Delhi.

Revision : 02/ 2020