Differential Reinforced Clostridial Broth Base

**Intended Use:**
Recommended for the cultivation of Clostridia from water.

**Composition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Gms / Litre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peptone</td>
<td>10.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HM peptone B #</td>
<td>10.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeast extract</td>
<td>1.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium acetate, hydrated</td>
<td>5.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dextrose (Glucose)</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-Cysteine hydrochloride</td>
<td>0.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final pH (at 25°C)</td>
<td>7.2±0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters**

# Equivalent to Beef extract

**Directions**
Suspend 29 grams in 1000 ml purified / distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C. Just before use add 0.5 ml filter sterilized solution, prepared by mixing equal volumes of 4% w/v solution of sodium sulphite and 7% w/v ferric citrate, to 25 ml of single strength medium or 0.4 ml and 2 ml to 10 ml and 50 ml of double strength medium respectively. Mix well.

**Principle And Interpretation**

Hirsch and Grinstead (4) originally described Differential Reinforced Clostridial Medium to initiate the growth from small inoculum and get a higher Clostridial count. Later, Barnes and Ingram (2) used the medium to develop vegetative cells in assays of *Clostridium perfringens*. This medium is developed for the isolation of sulphite-reducing Clostridia from food and for their enumeration in water by multiple tube method. Differential Reinforced Clostridial Broth is used to determine the count of sulphite reducing bacteria by MPN technique (3).

Peptone, HM peptone B, yeast extract, starch, sodium acetate provide essential nutrients for bacterial metabolism. Glucose is the fermentable carbohydrate and serves as carbon and energy source. L-cysteine hydrochloride acts as reducing agent. Sodium sulphite and ferric citrate are added as indicators. Sulphite reducing clostridia produce sulphide from sulphite, which results in the formation of black coloured medium.

**Type of specimen**
Water samples

**Specimen Collection and Handling**

For water samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines and local standards.(1) After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

**Warning and Precautions :**
Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

**Limitations :**
1. Further biochemical and serological tests must be carried out for further identification.

**Performance and Evaluation**
Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.
Quality Control

Appearance
Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

Colour and Clarity of prepared medium
Light yellow coloured, clear solution without any precipitate

Reaction
Reaction of 2.9% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.2±0.2

pH
7.00-7.40

Cultural Response
Cultural characteristics observed in an anaerobic atmosphere, with added 4% w/v solution of Sodium sulphite and 7% w/v Ferric citrate after an incubation at 30-35°C within 1 week.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organism</th>
<th>Inoculum (CFU)</th>
<th>Growth</th>
<th>H2S production</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Clostridium perfringens</em></td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>good - luxuriant</td>
<td>positive reaction, blackening of medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATCC 13124</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(00007*)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Clostridium sporogenes</em></td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>good - luxuriant</td>
<td>positive reaction, blackening of medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATCC 11437</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Key : *Corresponding WDCM numbers.

Storage and Shelf Life
Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 15-25°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle in order to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition. Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.
Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

Disposal
User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (5,6).

Reference
5. Isenberg, H.D. Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook 2nd Edition,

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