Soyabean Casein Digest Agar w/ LTHTh

This medium is used for determining efficiency of sanitization of containers, equipment surfaces, water miscible cosmetics, etc. It can also be used to enumerate the organisms from water insoluble products and fatty products containing preservatives or antimicrobials.

**Composition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Gms / Litre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Casein enzymic hydrolysate</td>
<td>15.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Papaic digest of soyabean meal</td>
<td>5.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium chloride</td>
<td>5.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lecithin</td>
<td>0.700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polysorbate 80 (Tween 80)</td>
<td>5.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Histidine</td>
<td>0.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium thiosulphate</td>
<td>0.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agar</td>
<td>15.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Final pH (at 25°C)</strong></td>
<td>7.3±0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters**

**Directions**

Suspend 46.7 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.

**Principle And Interpretation**

Soyabean Casein Digest Agar w/ LTHTh is used for the detection and enumeration of microorganisms for products of sanitary importance, water miscible cosmetics, Products containing antimicrobials or preservatives (1)

Casein enzymic hydrolysate and papaic digest of soyabean meal provide nitrogenous compounds and other nutrients essential for microbial replication. Lecithin, polysorbate 80 (Tween 80) and thiosulphate act as neutralizing agents reported to neutralize the activity of antimicrobial agents. Lecithin and polysorbate 80 neutralizes quaternary ammonium compounds and parahydroxy benzoates. Sodium thiosulphate neutralizes mercurial, halogens, aldehydes etc. Histidine acts as a reducing agent.

Collection of samples from areas before and after the treatment with disinfectant evaluates cleaning procedures in environmental sanitation. The presence and number of microorganisms is determined by the appearance of colonies on the agar surface (2).

**Quality Control**

**Appearance**
Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

**Gelling**
Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

**Colour and Clarity of prepared medium**
Light to medium amber coloured, clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

**Reaction**
Reaction of 4.67% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.3±0.2

**pH**
7.10-7.50

**Cultural Response**
M1691: Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organism</th>
<th>Growth</th>
<th>Growth w/ disinfectant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.
**Escherichia coli ATCC 25922**

*luxuriant* 
fair-good,  
(depends on concentration of quarternary ammonium compounds)

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**Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC 27853**

*luxuriant*  
fair-good,  
(depends on concentration of quarternary ammonium compounds)

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**Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 25923**

*luxuriant*  
fair-good,  
(depends on concentration of quarternary ammonium compounds)

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**Storage and Shelf Life**

Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and prepared medium at 2-8 °C. Use before expiry date on label.

**Reference**