Columbia Blood Agar Base w/ 1% Agar

Columbia Blood Agar Base is used with blood for isolation and cultivation of fastidious bacteria.

**Composition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Gms / Litre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peptone, special</td>
<td>23.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corn starch</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium chloride</td>
<td>5.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agar</td>
<td>10.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final pH (at 25°C)</td>
<td>7.3±0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters**

**Directions**

Suspend 39 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C before adding heat sensitive compounds.

**For Blood Agar:** Add 5% v/v sterile defibrinated sheep blood to sterile cool base.

**For Chocolate Agar:** Add 10% v/v sterile defibrinated sheep blood to sterile cool base. Heat to 80°C for 10 minutes with constant agitation.

The medium can be made selective by adding different antimicrobials to sterile base.

**For Brucella species:** Add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Brucella Selective Supplement (FD005) to 500 ml sterile molten base.

**For Campylobacter species:** Add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Campylobacter Supplement- I (Blaser-Wang) (FD006) or Campylobacter Supplement- II, (Butzler) (FD007) or Campylobacter Supplement- III (Skirrow) (FD008) or Campylobacter Selective Supplement (FD090) or Campylobacter Supplement- VI (Butzler) (FD106) to 500 ml sterile molten base along with rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Campylobacter Growth Supplement (FD009).

**For Gardnerella species:** Add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of G.Vaginalis Selective Supplement (FD056) to 500 ml sterile molten base.

**For Cocci:** Add rehydrated contents of 1 vial of Staph-Strepto Supplement (FD030) or Strepto Supplement (FD031) or Streptococcus Selective Supplement (FD119) to 500 ml sterile molten base.

**Principle And Interpretation**

Columbia Blood Agar Base is a general-purpose nutritious agar base formulated by Ellner et al (1) in 1966; it is further enriched by the addition of sterile blood. Traditionally blood agar bases have incorporated either casein hydrolysate to give rapid production of large colonies or meat infusion to give defined hemolytic reactions. Columbia Agar Base combines both to give an improved all round performance. This medium with the added special peptone supports rapid and luxuriant growth of fastidious and nonfastidious organisms. Also, this medium promotes typical colonial morphology; better pigment production and more sharply defined haemolytic reactions. Columbia Agar Base is used as the base for the media containing blood and for selective media formulations in which different combinations of antimicrobial agents are used as additives. Fildes found that Nutrient Agar supplemented with a digest of sheep blood supplied both of these factors and the medium would support the growth of *H. influenzae* (2, 3). The inclusion of bacitracin makes the enriched Columbia Agar Medium selective for the isolation of *Haemophilus* species from clinical specimens, especially from upper respiratory tract (4). Columbia Blood Agar Base w/ 1% Agar is used as a base for preparing media containing blood and for selective media formulations in which different combinations of antimicrobial agents are used as additives.
Corn starch serves as an energy source and also neutralizes toxic metabolites. Sheep blood permits the detection of haemolysis and also provides heme (X factor) which is required for the growth of many bacteria. However it is devoid of V factor (Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide) and hence *Haemophilus influenzae* which needs both the X and V factors, will not grow on this medium. As this medium has a relatively high carbohydrate content, beta-haemolytic Streptococci may exhibit a greenish haemolytic reaction which may be mistaken for the alpha haemolysis. Carry out confirmatory tests of all the colonies. Columbia Agar Base with added sterile serum provides an efficient medium for *Corynebacterium diphtheriae* virulence test medium. After following the established technique for *C. diphtheriae*, lines of toxin-antitoxin precipitation are clearly visible in 48 hours. Many pathogens require carbon dioxide; therefore, plates may be incubated in an atmosphere containing approximately 3-10% CO2.

Precaution: *Brucella* cultures are highly infective and must be handled carefully; incubate in 5-10% CO2. *Campylobacter* species are best grown at 42°C in a microaerophillic atmosphere. Plates with Gardenerella supplements should be incubated at 35°C for 48 hours containing 7% CO2 (5).

### Quality Control

**Appearance**
Cream to yellow homogeneous free flowing powder

**Gelling**
Firm, comparable with 1.0% Agar gel.

**Colour and Clarity of prepared medium**
Basal medium : Light amber coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel. After addition of 5%v/v sterile defirinated blood : Cherry red coloured opaque gel forms in Petri plates

**Reaction**
Reaction of 3.9% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.3±0.2

**pH**
7.10-7.50

**Cultural Response**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organism</th>
<th>Inoculum (CFU)</th>
<th>Growth</th>
<th>Recovery</th>
<th>Haemolysis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Neisseria meningitidis</em> ATCC 50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>none</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13090</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Staphylococcus aureus</em> ATCC 25923</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>beta / gamma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Staphylococcus aureus</em> ATCC 6538</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>beta/gamma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Staphylococcus epidermidis</em> ATCC 12228</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>gamma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Streptococcus pneumoniae</em> ATCC 6303</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>alpha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Streptococcus pyogenes</em> ATCC 19615</td>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=70%</td>
<td>beta</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Storage and Shelf Life**
Store below 30°C in tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 2-8°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

### Reference


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