Mannitol Salt Agar

**Intended Use:**
Recommended for the isolation of pathogenic Staphylococci from clinical and non-clinical samples.

**Composition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Gms / Litre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proteose peptone</td>
<td>10.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HM peptone B #</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium chloride</td>
<td>75.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D-Mannitol</td>
<td>10.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenol red</td>
<td>0.025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agar</td>
<td>15.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Final pH (at 25°C)</strong></td>
<td>7.4±0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters**

# - Equivalent to Beef extract

**Directions**
Suspend 111.02 grams in 1000 ml purified / distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 45-50°C. If desired, add 5% v/v Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045). Mix well and pour into sterile Petri plates.

*Note: This product contains 7.5% Sodium chloride as one of its ingredients. On repeated exposure to air and absorption moisture sodium chloride has tendency to form lumps, therefore we strongly recommend storage in tightly closed containers in dry place away from bright light.*

**Principle And Interpretation**
Staphylococci are widespread in nature, although they are mainly found on the skin, skin glands and mucous membranes of mammals and birds. The coagulase-positive species i.e *Staphylococcus aureus* is well documented as a human opportunistic pathogen. The ability to clot plasma continues to be the most widely used and accepted criterion for the identification of pathogenic staphylococci associated with acute infections (10). Staphylococci have the unique ability of growing on a high salt containing media (8). Isolation of coagulase-positive staphylococci on Phenol Red Mannitol Agar supplemented with 7.5%NaCl was studied by Chapman (2). The resulting Mannitol Salt Agar Base is recommended for the isolation of coagulase-positive staphylococci from cosmetics, milk, food and other specimens (10, 5,3,12,11). The additional property of lipase activity of *Staphylococcus aureus* can be detected by the addition of the Egg Yolk Emulsion (FD045). The lipase activity can be visualized as yellow opaque zones around the colonies (4). HM peptone B and proteose peptone supply essential growth factors and trace nutrients to the growing bacteria. Sodium chloride serves as an inhibitory agent against bacteria other than staphylococci. Mannitol is the fermentable carbohydrate, fermentation of which leads to acid production, detected by phenol red indicator.

*S.aureus* ferment mannitol and produce yellow coloured colonies surrounded by yellow zones. Coagulase-negative strains of *S.aureus* are usually mannitol non-fermenters and therefore produce pink to red colonies surrounded by red-purple zones. Presumptive coagulase-positive yellow colonies of *S. aureus* should be confirmed by performing the coagulase test [tube or slide] (10). Lipase activity of *S.aureus* can be detected by supplementing the medium with egg yolk emulsion.

A possible *S.aureus* must be confirmed by the coagulase test. Also the organism should be subcultured to a less inhibitory medium not containing excess salt to avoid the possible interference of salt with coagulase testing or other diagnostic tests (e.g. Nutrient Broth) (M002) (9). Few strains of *S.aureus* may exhibit delayed mannitol fermentation. Negative results should therefore be re-incubated for an additional 24 hours before being discarded (9).

**Type of specimen**

*Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.*
Clinical samples: pus, urine; Food and dairy samples

**Specimen Collection and Handling**

For clinical samples follow appropriate techniques for handling specimens as per established guidelines (6,7).
For food and dairy samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection and processing as per guidelines (1,12,13).
After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

**Warning and Precautions**

In Vitro diagnostic use. Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling clinical specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

**Limitations**

1. A possible *S.aureus* must be confirmed by the coagulase test.

2. The organism should be subcultured to a less inhibitory medium not containing excess salt to avoid the possible interference of salt with coagulase testing or other diagnostic tests (e.g. Nutrient Broth) (M002) (9).

3. Few strains of *S.aureus* may exhibit delayed mannitol fermentation. Negative results should therefore be re-incubated for an additional 24 hours before being discarded (9).

**Performance and Evaluation**

Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

**Quality Control**

**Appearance**
Light yellow to pink homogeneous free flowing powder

**Gelling**
Firm, comparable with 1.5% Agar gel

**Colour and Clarity of prepared medium**
Red coloured clear to slightly opalescent gel forms in Petri plates

**Reaction**
Reaction of 11.1% w/v aqueous solution at 25°C. pH : 7.4±0.2

**pH**
7.20-7.60

**Cultural Response**
Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-72 hours. Recovery rate is considered as 100% for bacteria growth on Soybean Casein Digest Agar.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organism</th>
<th>Inoculum (CFU)</th>
<th>Growth</th>
<th>Recovery</th>
<th>Colour of colony</th>
<th>Incubation temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Staphylococcus aureus</em> subsp. aureus ATCC 6538 (00032*)</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=50 %</td>
<td>yellow/white colonies surrounded by yellow zone</td>
<td>18-72 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Escherichia coli</em> ATCC 8739 &gt;=10⁴ (00012*)</td>
<td></td>
<td>inhibited</td>
<td>0 %</td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt;=72 hrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Staphylococcus aureus</em> subsp. aureus ATCC 25923 (00034*)</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
<td>&gt;=50 %</td>
<td>yellow/white colonies surrounded by yellow zone</td>
<td>18-72 hrs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.
**HiMedia Laboratories**

**Technical Data**

**Escherichia coli NCTC 9002**

\[\geq 10^4\] Inhibited 0% \(\geq 72\) hrs

**Klebsiella aerogenes**

\[\geq 10^4\] Inhibited 0% \(\geq 72\) hrs

**Storage and Shelf Life**

Store between 10-30°C in a tightly closed container and the prepared medium at 20-30°C. Use before expiry date on the label. On opening, product should be properly stored dry, after tightly capping the bottle inorder to prevent lump formation due to the hygroscopic nature of the product. Improper storage of the product may lead to lump formation. Store in dry ventilated area protected from extremes of temperature and sources of ignition Seal the container tightly after use. Use before expiry date on the label.Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

**Disposal**

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with clinical sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (6,7).

**Reference**


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Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.
In vitro diagnostic medical device

CE Marking

Storage temperature

10°C-30°C

Do not use if package is damaged

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Disclaimer:

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