Fluid Thioglycollate Medium

Intended use

Recommended as sterility test medium prepared in accordance with USP, EP, BP & JP.

Composition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>Gms / Litre</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tryptone #</td>
<td>15.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeast extract</td>
<td>5.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glucose monohydrate</td>
<td>5.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium chloride</td>
<td>2.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-Cystine</td>
<td>0.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium thioglycollate</td>
<td>0.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resazurin sodium</td>
<td>0.001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agar</td>
<td>0.750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH after sterilization (at 25°C)</td>
<td>7.1±0.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Formula adjusted, standardized to suit performance parameters

# - Equivalent to Pancreatic digest of casein

Directions

Label the ready to use LQ026X bottle. Inoculate 50-100 cfu sample and incubate at specified temperature and time.

Principle And Interpretation

Brewer (1) formulated Fluid Thioglycollate Medium for rapid cultivation of aerobes as well as anaerobes including microaerophiles by adding a reducing agent and small amount of agar. The USP (10), BP (2), EP (3) and AOAC (11) have recommended the media for sterility testing of antibiotics, biologicals and foods and for determining the phenol coefficient and sporidical effect of disinfectants. However, it is intended for the examination of clear liquid or water-soluble materials. Fluid Thioglycollate Medium is also routinely used to check the sterility of stored blood in blood banks (9).

Tryptone, yeast extract, glucose provide carbon, nitrogen compounds, long chain amino acids, vitamin B complex growth factors necessary for bacterial multiplication. L-cystine and sodium thioglycollate allows Clostridium to grow in this medium even under aerobic conditions. Also the small amount of agar used in the medium favors the growth of aerobes as well as anaerobes in the medium by maintaining low redox potential for stabilizing the medium (1).

Sodium thioglycollate act as a reducing agent and neutralizes the toxic effects of mercurial preservatives and peroxides formed in the medium, thereby promoting anaerobiosis, and making the medium suitable to test materials containing heavy metals (6). Any increase in the oxygen content is indicated by a colour change of redox indicator, resazurin to red (7,8,9).

Type of specimen
Pharmaceutical samples for sterility testing

Specimen Collection and Handling:

For pharmaceutical samples, follow appropriate techniques for sample collection, processing as per guidelines (2,3,10)

After use, contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.
**Warning and Precautions**
Read the label before opening the container. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/ face protection. Follow good microbiological lab practices while handling specimens and culture. Standard precautions as per established guidelines should be followed while handling specimens. Safety guidelines may be referred in individual safety data sheets.

**Limitations**
1. It is intended for the examination of clear liquid or water-soluble materials.

**Performance and Evaluation**
Performance of the medium is expected when used as per the direction on the label within the expiry period when stored at recommended temperature.

**Quality Control**

**Appearance**
Sterile clear Fluid Thioglycollate Medium in bottle.

**Colour**
Light straw coloured solution with upper 10% or less medium pink on standing.

**Quantity of Medium**
10 ml of medium in bottle.

**pH**
6.90- 7.30

**Sterility test**
Passes release criteria

**Stability test**
Light yellow coloured clear solution without any precipitation sedimentation at room temperature for 7 days

**Growth Promotion Test**
In accordance with the harmonized method of USP/EP/BP.

**Cultural Response**
Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 30-35°C for not more than 3 days.

**Growth promoting properties**
Clearly visible growth of microorganism comparable to that previously obtained with previously tested and approved lot of medium occurs at the specified temperature for not more than the shortest period of time specified inoculating <=100 cfu(at 30-35°C for <=3 days.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organism</th>
<th>Inoculum (CFU)</th>
<th>Growth</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clostridium sporogenes ATCC 19404 (00008*)</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant, incubated anaerobically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clostridium sporogenes ATCC 11437</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant, incubated anaerobically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clostridium sporogenes NBRC 14293</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant, incubated anaerobically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clostridium perfringens ATCC 13124 (00007*)</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant, incubated anaerobically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bacteroides fragilis ATCC 23745</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant, incubated anaerobically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bacteroides vulgatus ATCC 8482</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant, incubated anaerobically</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus ATCC 25923 (00034*)</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus ATCC 6538 (00032*)</td>
<td>50 -100</td>
<td>luxuriant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please refer disclaimer Overleaf.
**Storage and Shelf Life**

Store between 15-25°C. Use before expiry date on the label.

Product performance is best if used within stated expiry period.

**Disposal**

User must ensure safe disposal by autoclaving and/or incineration of used or unusable preparations of this product. Follow established laboratory procedures in disposing of infectious materials and material that comes into contact with sample must be decontaminated and disposed of in accordance with current laboratory techniques (4,5).

**Reference**